

Wingspan Bird Tours

Trip Report

Coto Donana & Tarfia 15th - 22nd April 2011

Leader Bob Buckler

Participants: John, & Estelle, Gordon & Alison, Conor & Ann, Peter

DAY 1 - APRIL 15TH

MALAGA & GIBRALTAR AIRPORTS - EL BUJEO RECREATION AREA

Our first day involved getting the group assembled; Conor & Ann were collected from Malaga Airport at 11:30am and then Peter, Alison & Gordon were collected from Gibraltar Airport at 2:30pm it was the shortest visit to Gib that Conor and Ann were ever going to make. John and Estelle were to arrive on Sunday to join the group for the last 6 days.

From Gibraltar we took the short drive to our hotel in the foothills above Algeciras where we reconvened at 4pm to head off for a short birding session. We drove to El Bujeo, a small picnic area situated along the main N340 just above Pelayo, it consists of open grassy areas, thick scrub and some mature eucalyptus trees. A pair of **Ravens** flew over as we emerged from the bus, quickly followed by 4 **Griffon Vultures** and in the scrub we found a **Woodchat Shrike**, **Common Redstart** (a nice male) and a few **Barn Swallows** flew by.

As we walked through the shrubs we found several **Bonelli's Warblers** (a couple were singing), **Blackcap**, **Common Whitethroats**, **Iberian Chiffchaff** (also singing), **Common Nightingale** (heard only), **Stonechat**, **Cirl Bunting**, **Serin** and a few common species.

Not a bad start to our holiday, we returned to the hotel and got ready for our dinner which was served at 8pm.

DAY 2 - APRIL 16TH

Playa Los Lances – la Janda – Benalup – Marisma de Barbate – Barbate Natural Park – Zahara

The Levante wind blew with a vengeance, we were totally blown away - not by the birds but by the relentless wind!! It was almost gale force at times and it was useless to bird watch under those conditions.

We saw 56 species instead of 80-90 and witnessed no migration whatsoever!

At Los Lances Beach we were blown into the hide and managed to see **Sanderling**, **Kentish Plover**, **Dunlin**, **Common Tern**, **Sandwich Tern** and **Yellow-legged Gull**. A single **Black Kite** and a single **Marsh Harrier** were the only raptors seen, they somehow managed to cross the Strait from Africa, remarkable!

At la Janda it was just as bad: **Cattle** and **Little Egrets**, **White Stork**, **Common Pheasants** and

Red-legged Partridges were seen from the bus along the main track. We then drove inland towards Benalup hoping to find some shelter and in fact it was a little better.

On the tracks around Benalup we saw **Hoopoe** and at Barbate Marshes we added **Little Owl, Black-winged Stilts, Wood Sandpiper, Zitting Cisticola** and a **Shoveler!** At least we were able to stand up in the open marshes at Barbate.

Passing through Barbate we drove along the coastline to Zahara in the hope that the introduced **Bald Ibis** were feeding near the roadside, but they were obviously elsewhere, probably in a sheltered valley.

We spent a little time looking but we eventually gave up and headed back to the hotel and made an early return.

DAY 3 - APRIL 17TH

PALMONES SALT MARSH – PINAR DEL REY – SIERRA CRESTELLINA – SAN ENRIQUE WOODS – SOTO GRANDE

Another very frustrating day of high winds and very little in migration watching! We decided to head eastward towards Algeciras in order to shelter from the wind, but we failed miserably. At the Torrejon municipal park which overlooks the marshes of Palmones we braved the wind and watched from the elevated hide. It was low tide and not much was on show: **Black-winged Stilts, Greenshank, Ringed Plover, Common Sandpiper, Little Egret** and **Grey Plover**.

We found the pines of Pinar del Rey a little better, the leeward side of the woods wasn't too bad with some shelter. A nice male **Common Redstart** started us off then over the next hour we had wonderful views of **Crested Tit** which was picking up nesting material from the floor, **Firecrest**, a couple were found foraging in the canopy and **Blackcap, Jay, Robin, Booted Eagle** and several common species.

At 1pm we met up with John and Estelle who were joining us for the rest of the tour, at the meeting point we found **Sardinian Warbler**, lots of **Monk Parakeets**, a dead **Woodchat Shrike** and some **Greenfinches**. Together with our new recruits we drove to Sierra Crestellina to look for eagles. After an hour we had logged **Griffon Vulture, Thekla Lark, Woodchat Shrike, Corn Bunting, Stonechat, Blue Rock Thrush, Red-billed Chough** and the stars of the show a pair of **Bonelli's Eagles**. They put on flying show chasing **Griffon Vultures** and alighting on their eyrie. A **Short-toed Eagle** also put in an appearance.

We took the scenic route back to the coast by driving down the Genal Valley to Secadura and on to San Enrique. Lots of **Woodchat Shrikes, Serins, Corn Buntings** and other finches were seen. At San Enrique woods we found **Tree Sparrow** and **Short-toed Treecreeper**.

Lastly we visited the laguna at Torreguadiaro where the wind was still quite strong but we managed to find **Lesser Kestrel, Little Owl, Little Egret, Northern Wheatear** and **Crested Larks**.

We had a little altercation with some car thieves who we caught red-handed unloading our gear from the bus, we asked them for it back and told them not to do it again!!!

So ended another windy day, we got back to the hotel at 6pm with ample time to get ready for dinner.

DAY 4 APRIL 18TH

TARIFA – LAGUNA MEDINA – BONANZA SALT PANS – ALGAIDA PINE WOODS – TREBUJENA MARSHES – EL ROCIO

This was our transfer day from the Tarifa area to Coto Donana, I was looking forward to getting away from the windy conditions. Alas the wind followed us most of the day and only died down once we reached El Rocio.

It took an hour to reach Laguna Medina and boy was it windy there! We found some shelter along the track and in hide but it was still uncomfortable. We found all 3 grebe species, **Great-crested**, **Little** and **Black-necked**, there was also saw **Shoveler**, **Gadwall**, **Pochard**, **Red-crested Pochard** and **Mallard**. In the reeds and scrub many birds were singing but they were keeping very low because of the wind. We did see however, **Great Reed Warbler** from the hide, **Sardinian Warbler** and a few finches.

Bonanza was fantastic some of the pans were completely covered in birds and as the tide was rising more came in from the river. The majority of the species were **Dunlin** and **Curlew Sandpiper** both species looking great in their summer garb. They were joined by **Sanderling**, **Little Stint**, **Ringed**, **Little Ringed** and **Kentish Plover**, all in good numbers. Smaller numbers of **Grey Plover**, **Redshank**, **Greenshank** and **Common Sandpiper** were also present whilst the bigger waders, avocets and **Black-winged Stilts** were everywhere. The highest number of **Slender-billed Gulls** that I have ever seen was also there, 300 was probably an underestimate! But **Greater Flamingo** numbers were very low with less than 50 seen.

We drove along the bumpy track through Algaida woods, nothing much was seen in the wood but above it there was many black kites, booted eagles and the occasional red kite, we did see a couple of nice things, a **Rufous Common Cuckoo**, flashed across the track in front of the bus, we saw where it landed but couldn't relocate it and a **Booted Eagle** was seen standing on top of a dead rabbit, the bird was reluctant to move and stayed quite a while whilst being mobbed by **Black Kites** that were after the booty!

The traditional place for **Marbled Duck** did not let us as we found two of them very close to the road on Trebujena Marshes, they looked superb from close quarters. The laguna also held red-crested Pochard, common Pochard, gadwall and mallard. In the adjacent marsh we found Eurasian Spoonbill, grey heron, and lots more waders all of the same species as earlier. Huge numbers of hirundines were skimming the windy surface, barn swallows, house and sand martins were joined by the occasional common swift. On and above the fields of scrub we found many yellow wagtails, marsh harrier and more black kites.

The drive through Sevilla went by quickly as the roads were fairly quiet and within an hour we were approaching El Rocio. The ubiquitous **Azure-winged Magpie** dashed in front of us in small groups, we also saw common raven, common buzzard, jackdaw and many corn buntings. The huge laguna at El Rocio was almost barren of birds, the quietest I have ever seen it. The odd greater flamingo, a single Eurasian spoonbill, a few mallards, gadwall, Shoveler and common pochard were dotted around and a good number of black-winged stilts and that was it. Flying over us we saw black and red kites, griffon vultures and booted eagles.

We arrived at our hotel in Matalascanas at 5:30pm and were allocated 4th floor rooms with sea views, what a lovely place. The wind had finally died out and sea looked fairly calm. Half an hour of sea watching produced 3 Great Skua, Arctic Skua, Common Gannet, Balearic Shearwater, Sandwich Tern and lots of yellow-legged Gulls. Small parties of distant waders went unidentified.

Dinner was self service with a huge choice on offer and the bar provide a couple cold beers, that's a fitting end to a long day's birding!

DAY 5 APRIL 19TH

Matalascanas Cliffs – El Acebuche – La Rocina – El Rocio – Fruit Farms

Another day of wind and rain, when is it going to stop? We started off the day okay with a visit to the cliffs just west of Matalascanas where we were able to shelter from the wind behind a building. We spent an hour sea-watching and came up with some good new sightings for the tour list: Caspian Tern, Audouin's Gull, Great Skua, Northern Gannet, Sandwich Tern, Lesser Black-backed Gull and Sanderling were our best sightings.

At Acebuche visitor's centre we walked to several of the hides and produced very little: Common and Red Crested Pochard, Savi's Warbler (reeling only), Glossy Ibis and lots of Black Kites. In the White popular Trees we heard Golden Oriole and looked for them in the wind swept foliage without success.

La Rocina was the same, the lagunas that can be overlooked from the hides held a lot of water and very few birds. We bought and ate our lunch in El Rocio, from the new visitor's centre at the south of the laguna we saw Eurasian Spoonbill, Greater Flamingo, Gadwall, Shoveler, Eurasian Spoonbill, Pied Avocet, Ringed and Kentish Plover, Dunlin, Little Stint and Black-winged Stilt.

We then drove along to the south of the town and walked a sandy track and didn't see a single bird! Lastly we drove through the fruit farms south of La Rocina and scanned the open fields, there we had some success. Lots of Bee-eaters were sitting on the road, we had great views of Calandra Lark and we saw our one and only Curlew of the trip. A large flock of Cattle Egrets was an impressive sight and many brightly coloured Yellow Wagtails were nice to see.

We finished off a little earlier than usual and spent some time relaxing in the hotel before dinner at 7:30pm.

DAY 6 APRIL 20th

Corredor de Verde – Dehesa de Pilas – Dehesa de Abajo – Jose Valverde Visitor's Centre

The weather started off bad with wind and rain over the hotel but as we drove northward through El Rocio and across to Villamonrique it improved and continued to improve throughout most of the day. At last some sunshine and not a lot of wind, this made bird watching so much more enjoyable.

Along the Corredor de Verde we stopped many times to watch Woodchat Shrikes, Hoopoe, Bee-eater, Serin, Sardinian Warbler and Nightingale. Our first walk produced a pair of distant Black-winged Kites and we witnessed for the first time a food pass, remarkable, none of us had ever seen this before.

We drove further along the track to view a laguna that was practically birdless and then we found another Black-winged Kite that perched on a pylon very much closer to us, excellent views were enjoyed by all.

Dehesa de Pilas, a square shape wood of eucalyptus produced thousands of Spanish Sparrows, tens of Bee-eaters, lots of black kites, white storks, a whinchat, a hoopoe and a couple of booted eagles. We also noted a few Collared Pratincoles along the way.

At dehesa de Abajo the birds on the large laguna were distant as usual but some were a little closer. A great reed Warbler sang loudly from the tamarisk, a kingfisher flashed by and a Little egret sat on a fence extremely close to us. On the water we saw Gadwall, Common and Red-crested Pochard, all three grebes, Greater Flamingo, Spoonbill and Common Coot. Along a track on the opposite side of the road we searched for reeling Savi's Warbler, a couple showed very briefly, as did Reed Warbler but it was too breezy for them to sit on top of the reeds.

In the smaller lagunas we found a couple of good 'Donana' species in the shape of Marbled duck and Red-knobbed Coot, both showed very well as did a couple of Night Herons. We had lunch at a small Venta before heading off to the Valverde Centre which is found deep in the marshes of the National Park. The drive was punctuated with many stops as we found several good species. Some of the most notable were Calandra Lark, Short-toed lark, Whinchat, Yellow Wagtail, Northern Wheatear, Short-toed Eagle, Booted Eagle and Griffon Vulture.

There was a large amount of water lying in the flat meadows and marshes these areas held Black-winged Stilts, Purple Herons, Cattle, Little and Great White Egrets, Grey Heron, Glossy Ibis and White Stork. We had great views of Collared Pratincole, Lapwing, Dunlin, Ringed Plover, Curlew Sandpiper, Whiskered Terns and Gull-billed Terns. At the centre itself the tamarisk bushes were covered in nesting Cattle Egrets, Night Herons, Squacco

Hérons and reeds held large numbers Glossy Ibis, Purple Heron and Great Reed Warblers. The air was alive with moving birds and sound was terrific.

We spent an hour or so in the centre before driving back along the track to watch over the reed-beds in search of Little Bittern, which was seen by only me! We heard a Purple Swamphen calling, and the noise from a dozen great Reed Warblers was deafening! In the distant sky we could see a good number of Griffon Vultures rising from the ground, several Black Kites drifted over and Lesser Kestrels seemed to be on many posts.

The drive back through the marshes produced very little in the way of new birds, a Common Whitethroat, more Whinchats, lots of Yellow Wagtails and a good number of Short-toed Larks were found along the track and fence-line.

We stopped to look at a regular breeding area for Spanish Imperial Eagle and after a short while a pair of these magnificent birds appeared and chased off a couple of Black Kites, the birds were distant but the light was good.

The rest of the journey back was made in good time, we passed through a rain shower but it was clear at the coast and the wind had dropped. We met for dinner at the usual time and decided to try for nightjars afterwards.

At 9pm we found ourselves on the heath along the track to the Palace de Acebron. As it got dark we heard and saw a Little Owl, a Common Cuckoo and a couple of Red-necked Nightjars. The nightjars called for a short while, then two of them took to the air not far from us, they interacted, possibly mating and then flew off. One drifted across the road a second time, silhouetted in the evening sky, gliding with its wings held high and that was it!

DAY 7 APRIL 21st

COTO DONANA – TARIFA VIA SEVILLA – RONDA – MOTEJAUQUE - GAUCIN

It was dull overcast, windy and raining as we left the hotel heading north through Donana to Sevilla. The sky cleared as we passed through Sevilla and remained very bright and sunny until we got to mountains near Ronda when it started to rain again.

We went for a walk in a Cork Oak woodland and spent a couple of hours enjoying some woodland species not seen previously on the trip. These included Eurasian Nuthatch, Mistle Thrush, Bonelli's Warbler and Blue Tit. We also found Great Tit, Dartford Warbler and lots of Chaffinches. The rain was making it hard to find birds so we quit and headed for the limestone gorges nearby.

The rain stopped for a while so we had a nice hour scanning the high peaks, the deep gorges and the hillside for new species. Within minutes we located Black Redstart, Blue Rock Thrush, Red-billed Chough and Rock Dove. A Hawfinch was a lovely surprise, it landed close by and it was a beautiful male. A pair of Alpine Swifts put in an appearance and many Griffon Vultures could be seen both perched and flying making their distinctive calls.

The next stop, just around the corner, was along a track found just above the village of Montejaque. It was there that we found Rock Bunting, Black Wheatear and a very obliging Rock Sparrow. We bought lunch in the village and drove down to a popular tourist site near a large cave to eat, as we enjoyed our picnic we saw more Alpine Swifts and a few Crag Martins.

The rain set in for good and increased in intensity as the afternoon wore on, we drove through thick cloud mist as we passed through Ronda and the Genal Valley to Gaucin. We made a brief stop at Gaucin to drop things off at my house before we drove through torrential rain back towards the coast at San Roque. One stop just passed Castellar produced Lesser kestrel (7), Common Nighthingale, Greenfinch, Blackcap and Serin.

We reached our hotel at 5pm and decided to call it a day! Dinner was enjoyed by all, washed down with a nice glass of wine.

DAY 8 APRIL 22nd

GIBRALTAR

This was our last day and it was a complete wash-out. The rain started around 8am and became torrential by 9am. What a shame we were going to enjoy a morning on Gibraltar by visiting the ringing station. The only two birds of the day for the group were a Tawny Owl that called from 5am and Yellow-legged Gulls near the shore.

John and Estelle left the hotel at 9am and were taken to Malaga for an early flight whilst the rest of us went to Gibraltar. We dropped off Alison, Gordon and Peter at the airport and then Conor, Ann and myself drove to Gaucin.

As we neared the village the rain eased and the sky cleared a little so we stopped at the river for a walk. One of the first birds we saw was a Cetti's Warbler that showed down to a couple of meters, this bird had refused to show all week until now! We also saw Common Nightingale, European Robin, Blackcap, Serin and Goldfinch.

In Gaucin the rain came back, we went for lunch and later as I showed Conor and Ann our apartment which was to be there home for a further week a pair of Red-billed Choughs flew over – the last birds seen on the tour.

We had amassed an impressive list of 159 species which included 3 birds heard but not seen: Golden Oriole, Tawny Owl, & Common Quail, considering the awful weather this was an excellent tally by the group.

SPECIES	LATIN NAMES
1. Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>
2. Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps ruficollis</i>
3. Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus nigricollis</i>
4. Balearic Shearwater	<i>Puffinus mauretanicus</i>
5. Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>
6. Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>
7. Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
8. Cattle Egret	<i>Bulbulcus ibis</i>
9. Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
10. Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
11. Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>
12. Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>
13. Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
14. Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>
15. Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>
16. White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>
17. Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
18. Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>
19. Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>
20. Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>
21. Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>
22. Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>
23. Common Pochard	<i>Aythya farina</i>
24. Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta furina</i>
25. Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>
26. White-headed Duck	<i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>
27. Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>
28. Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>
29. Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans migrans</i>
30. Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>
31. Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>
32. Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>
33. Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>
34. Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>

35. Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>
36. Booted Eagle	<i>Aquila pennatus</i>
37. Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>
38. Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>
39. Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanii</i>
40. Eurasian Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
41. Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>
42. Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>
43. Eurasian Pheasant	<i>Phasianus clochicus</i>
44. Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
45. Common or Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>
46. Red-Knobbed Coot	<i>Fulca cristatus</i>
47. Purple Sawmphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>
48. Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>
49. Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>
50. Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>
51. Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>
52. Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>
53. Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>
54. Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>
55. Grey or Black-bellied Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>
56. Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>
57. Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>
58. Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>
59. Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris feruginea</i>
60. Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>
61. Bar-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>
62. Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>
63. Common Redshank	<i>Tringa tetanus</i>
64. Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>
65. Common Sandpiper	<i>Tringa hypoleucos</i>
66. Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
67. Great Skua	<i>Cathharacta skua</i>
68. Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>
69. Audouin's Gull	<i>Larus audouinii</i>
70. Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus cahinnians</i>
71. Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>
72. Slender-billed Gull	<i>Larus genei</i>
73. Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>
74. Caspian Tern	<i>Sterna caspia</i>
75. Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>
76. Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>
77. Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>
78. Feral Pigeon	<i>Columbus livia domestica</i>
79. Rock Dove	<i>Columbus livia</i>
80. European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>
81. Eurasian Collared-Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>
82. Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>
83. Monk Parakeet	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>
84. Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>
85. Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>
86. Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>
87. Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>
89. Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>
90. Alpine Swift	<i>Apus alba</i>
91. Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>
92. European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>
93. Common or Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>
94. Red-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus ruficollis</i>
95. Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>
96. Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>
97. Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae aguirrei</i>
98. Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>
99. Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>
100. Eurasian Crag-Martin	<i>Hirundo rupestris</i>
101. Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
102. Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>
103. House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>
104. Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>
105. Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla f. iberiae</i>
106. White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla f. alba</i>
107. Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>
108. Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>
109. Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus Phoenicurus</i>
110. Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>
111. European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata rubicola</i>
112. Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>
113. Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>

114. Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>
115. European Robin	<i>Erythacus rubecula</i>
116. Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola salitarius</i>
117. Eurasian Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>
118. Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>
119. Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>
120. Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>
121. Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
122. Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>
123. Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustalla luscinioides</i>
124. Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>
125. Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>
126. Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>
127. Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>
128. Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>
129. Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>
130. Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>
131. Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>
132. Pied Flycatcher	<i>Fidecula hypoleuca</i>
133. Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes carealeus</i>
134. Great Tit	<i>Parus major excelsus</i>
135. Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>
136. Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sittia europaea</i>
137. Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>
138. Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>
139. Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>
140. Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>
141. Common Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>
142. Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cynopica cyanus</i>
143. Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>
144. Common Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>
145. Eurasian Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>
146. Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>
147. House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
148. Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanous</i>
149. Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispanicolus</i>
150. Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>
151. Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>
152. European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>
153. European Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>
154. European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>
155. Eurasian Linnet	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>
156. Eurasian Siskin	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>
157. Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>
158. Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>
159. Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>